NTERDISCIPLINARY MANAGEMENT RESEARCH XII

IMPROVING ORGANIZATION AND SKILLS OF PLANNING IN HIGHER EDUCATION USING NEW INFORMATIONALCOMMUNICATIVE TECHNOLOGY

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Abstract

Change and knowledge management have in the conditions of rapid changes and severe demands imposed on modern organizations become high priority of social strategies. Readiness for change, flexible use of knowledge, creativity, permanent improvement of planning skills and knowledge are undoubtedly most important competencies of employees in modern organizations. The aim of the paper is to research possibilities to improve organizational and strategic skills in higher education using new informational-communicative technologies, according to undertaken need analysis. Results of the need analysis (sample N=33) conducted in November 2015 in the Preschool Teacher Training College in Vrsac (RS) showed that 48% of teaching staff and 62,5% of non-teaching staff evaluate their strategic skills, on a scale from1 to 5, below 4 and 5. The results also showed that 72% of teaching and non-teaching staff had never attended a training aimed at improving organizational and strategic skills; 52% of teach-

ing staff and 12,5% of non-teaching staff use a computer to plan and organize work, excluding new programming tools. The obtained results imply that there is a need to initiate organization improvement through upgrading of organizational and strategic skills of employees. As a consequence, possibilities are considered in the paper of using new IC technologies for more successful planning and organization in settings similar to Preschool Teacher Training College, requiring high level of interconnectedness and team work in everyday activities.

Keywords: organization, organizational skills, strategic skills, ICT, higher education.

JEL Classification: D8, I2

1. INTRODUCTION

Globalization, fast and intensive changes in the needs and demands of market, turbulencess in internal and external environment, expansion of IC technologies – are only some of the processes influencing markedly dynamic and continuous changes of organizational setting. Organization functioning in such a complex and constantly changing context demands readiness for change and flexible use of people's knowledge in organizations Drucker; 1995, Koter; 1997, Nelson & Quick; 2003, Robbins; 2004, as cited by Đurišić Bojanović; 2007, 212).

Long-term and systematic planning of human resources and creation of functional strategies for their improvement and development, as a cornerstone of organizational development, is a basis of strategic management, taking place within the process of creation of organizational strategies (Bejatović et al.; 2010, 36). Such approaches have announced and marked a new approach to the role of human resources, pointing to great importance attributed to people in an organization, in order to reach strategic aims and improve success of an organization.

Radical novelties in the functioning of contemporary organizations, and thus organizations within higher education, are very complex and take place at the level or an organization, a group and an individual. *Management of self-development of an individual* is a dynamic process of change – it appears in an individual itself, enabling him/her a contact with the outer world, bringing him/her back to personality, changing both the person and the environment. Individuals who are successful in management of their own development are characterised by the following features: they have positive self-assessment, they evaluate themselves in a

more realistic and accurate way than others, they express higher levels of readiness for accepting themselves and others as they really are; they are ready to identify themselves with others to a greater extent, i.e. they have highly developed empathy; they perceive reality in more objective manner; they own more expressed independence and autonomy; they have more meaningful interpersonal relations of high quality, establishing higher levels of interconnectedness and closeness; they have democratically structured character and readiness to cooperate with others and they have a good sense of humour (Nedimović et al.; 2015, 123).

From psychological point of view, improvement of organizational skills and skills of planning at the level of an individual/organization is to a great extent conditioned by numerous factors undisputedly involving those of working motivation of the employed. Modern motivation theories (e.g. McClelland's three factor theory of needs) have emphasized the role and the importance of the need for achievement (aspiration towards success, striving for high achievements as compared to established standards), need for power (the need to make others behave in a way they would not normally behave) and need for connection (desire for friendly and close relations with other people). All three needs are of great importance for interpersonal interaction. They should be born in mind when motivating the employed to improve their own competencies, including organizational skills and skills of planning.

There are three typical general demands each organization (including higher education organizations) requires from its potentially employed staff: (1) becoming a part of an organization and staying in it, (2) carrying out appropriate organizational roles in anticipated way (routine work) and (3) additional, spontaneous and creative behaviour aiming at fulfilling functions and aims of the organization (Katz & Kahn; 1966, as cited by Vujić; 1995, 340). Motivation and readiness to improve organizational skills and skills of planning is in the domain of the third group demands.

Planning is defined as "man's cognitive activity oriented to anticipation, i.e. previous consideration of the objects, subjects, means, time, place and results of a future real activity in order to consciously regulate and rationalize it" (Ristić et al.; 2008, 141). Successful planning assumes respect for scientific principle, principle of complexity, reality, continuity, flexibility, simultaneity, productivity, sustainability, as well as profitability, and it undergoes various phases: ranging from analysis of the work done in the previous period, establishment of intrin-

sic and extrinsic factors, definition of aims, creation of a plan with tasks for each potential participant, to conceiving measures for reaching aims and fulfilling tasks. Product of planning is a multidimensional plan, followed by organization (i.e. "agreement on who does what") of plan realization.

When higher education institutions are in question, we find ourselves in the domain of *learning organizations* (Garvin; 1993). According to Senge "learning organizations are those organizations in which the employed are constantly broadening and empowering their capacities for creating results they truly want to achieve [...] where people are learning how to learn together" (Senge; 2003, 135), i.e. those organizations in which employees do their jobs in such a way to develop their potentials, sharing the vision of mutual aim with their colleagues. There is certain organizational climate (individual perception of organizational characteristics of the institution) and culture (assumptions, value system, narrations, beliefs) in learning organizations (Nikčevič; 2014, 69).

A good plan and successful organization lead, among other things, to savings of time - the only resource which is constantly and irretrievably spent. A sound plan, successful organization and well chosen tools for realization of plan and organization of work save time to even greater extent. In higher education institutions there are numerous time stealers and time wasters waiting in ambush: announced visits, private phone conversations, surfing on the Internet, unprepared meetings, vague aims, postponing work and - everyday correspondence exchanging various versions of materials among team members working on different tasks: ranging from accreditation documentation, materials prepared for publication to creation of documents as parts of any scientific conference, etc. Such work is not rarely followed by: fear that the wrong/old/outdated version of the material is sent, abundance of sent and received mails, dysfunctional correspondence (including, e.g. incompatible versions of computer programs), leading to unnecessary waste of time, work energy and enthusiasm of employees. The consequences of such work are felt before all by future academic citizens, i.e. students. Therefore it is a duty of each higher education institution to permanently monitor and assess success of planning and organizing at the level of both institution and each individual employee, which is in the domain of strategic management.

The application of information communication technologies in the field of higher education can be considered in two ways, as the use of ICT in the very process of learning (e.g. distance learning), but also as a means for planning, op-

erational realization and evaluation of teaching process (class schedule, exam timetable, consultations and other obligations schedule, preparation of documentations, dissemination of information through web sites, evaluation and monitoring of progress of students...) (Prtljaga; 2010, 279-290). Digitalization, unification and integration of all the sub-systems of higher education institution in a unique informational system could significantly contribute to better organization and planning (Spasić; 2007). It has turned out, however, that realization of such projects is often inefficient and long-lasting; it is therefore necessary to gain insights into the needs of an organization and to use on-line tools according to identified needs. These tools can in a simple way lead to improvement in the domain of organization and planning. All the above mentioned has served as a necessary incentive for a research whose findings are presented below.

2. METHODOLOGICAL FRAMEWORK

An exploratory research was conducted with an aim to investigate the needs and possibilities for the improvement of organizational skills and skills of planning in higher education with the use of new information communication technologies. The needs of those employed at Preschool Teacher Training College in Vrsac (Republic of Serbia) were examined in a research dealing with planning and organization of work at the level of individuals – organization members.

2.1. SAMPLE AND PROCEDURE

The research sample consisted of 33 subjects (25 members of teaching staff – professors, lecturers, assistants, teaching associates and 8 non-teaching staff members). The research was carried out in November 2015. A questionnaire designed for the purpose of the research was used as a research instrument in order to collect data. Descriptive and analytic method was used to describe and analyze the results.

2.2. Instruments

A questionnaire was designed for the purpose of the research A questionnaire for the assessment of needs for improvement of organizational and planning skills at the level of individuals – organization members. The questionnaire was administered anonymously and it consisted of 6 close type questions.

2.3. Hypothesis

There is no *expressed* need for the improvement of organizational and planning skills at the level of individuals among teaching and non-teaching staff employed at the Preschool Teacher Training College in Vrsac (RS).

3. FINDINGS AND DISCUSSION

The data were collected according to the A questionnaire for the assessment of needs for improvement of organizational and planning skills at the level of individuals – organization members and the obtained results are shown in Table 1.

Table 1 Assessment of needs for the improvement of organizational and planning skills at the level of individuals – organization members

Assessment of needs for the improvement of organizational	Teaching staff Non teaching s		ng staff	
and planning skills at the level of individuals – organization members	No of responses	%	No of responses	%
1. Do you manage to finish your work on time?				
a) Yes, always.	10	40%	0	0%
b) In most cases.	15	60%	7	87,5%
c) No, I am always behind my schedule.	0	0%	1	12,5%
2. What do you do when you are under pressure of deadlines?				
a) I am never under such pressure.	3	12%	0	0%
b) Nothing, I do what I can.	1	4%	0	0%
c) I prioritize.	16	64%	7	87,5%
d) I share work with others.	4	16%	0	0%
e) I arrange a postponed deadline if possible.	0	0%	1	12,5%
f) Nothing of the above.	0	0%	0	0%
3. What helps you in planning and organization of work:				
a) pencil and paper,	11	44%	2	25,0%
b) computer,	13	52%	1	12,5%
c) a friend, an acquaintance, a colleague	5	20%	4	50,0%
d) nothing of the above.	2	8%	1	12,5%
If your choice is a computer, please state which software, tools, etc. you use for planning and organization of your work:	MS OFFICE, SPSS, INTERNET, E-BOOKS			

4. Assess your own planning skills at work:				
a) dissatisfactory	0	0%	0	0%
b) satisfactory	12	48%	5	62,5%
c) very good	9	36%	2	25,0%
d) excellent (I am an expert)	1	4%	1	12,5%
e) I haven't thought about this	3	12%	0	0%
5. Other people say you are:				
a) great organizer	3	12%	1	12,5%
b) well organized	11	44%	2	25,0%
c) disorganized	0	0%	0	0%
d) I don't know	10	40%	5	62,5%
NO RESPONSE:	1	4%	0	0%
6. Have you ever attended a training for improvement of organizational and planning skills?				
a) Yes	7	28%	0	0%
b) No	18	72%	7	87,5%
NO RESPONSE:	0	0	1	12,5%

Authors' processing

In regard to planning and organization at individual level (self-assessment) of those employed at the screened higher education institution, the research results showed, among other things, the following:

- 1. 60% of the teaching staff members manage to fulfil their obligations on time, while even 40% of them cannot do it; 12,5% of the subjects from the group of non-teaching staff is constantly behind schedule.
- 2. When "under pressure of deadlines" 64% of teaching staff at the College chooses priorities, i.e. prioritize, while only 16% of them share work with others; in the same situation, 87,5% of non-teaching staff chooses priorities, while 12,5% of them arrange a new deadline, if possible.
- 3. In regard to what helps them in planning and organization of work, teaching staff stated that it is in the first place computer (52%), followed by pencil and paper (44%). When non-teaching staff members are in question, what helps them most in their work organization and planning are their friends, acquaintances, colleagues, etc. (50%), paper and pencil (25%), computer (12,5%) or something else (12,5%). The subjects were also asked to state which software, tools, etc. are most helpful to them in planning and organization of work. These were their responses: MS OFFICE, SPSS, INTERNET, E-BOOKS. (The find-

ing that SPSS and/or e-books help them in their more successful organization and planning seems rather surprising to the authors of the present paper).

- 5. When teaching staff is in question, only 4% of subjects consider that their planning skills are excellent, 48% of them think that they are satisfactory, while 12% of them have not thought about this aspect of their working lives. Only 12,5% of non-teaching staff consider that they are experts in work organization and planning and 62,5% responded that their planning skills are satisfactory.
- 6. 44% of teachers claim that others assess them as well organized and 40% of teacher staff do not know how other people see them in this respect. In the case of non-teaching staff even 62,5% responded that they do not know how other people assess them as organizers.
- 7. Only 28% of teaching staff members employed at the College have attended a training for improvement of organizational and planning skills and 72% of teachers have never participated in such a training. None of the employed as non-teaching staff (0%), i.e. in the workplaces dealing with financial, management, and legal issues, has attended a training for the improvement of organizational and planning skills.

According to the gained insights and findings, the established hypotheses according to which there is no *expressed* need for the improvement of organizational and planning skills at the level of individuals among teaching and nonteaching staff employed at the Preschool Teacher Training College in Vrsac (RS) has been rejected. Needs assessment has shown that certain actions should be taken in order to improve (modernize) organization in this higher education institution through improvement of organizational and planning skills of the employees, which is in the domain of strategic management. In what follows in the paper is a model for more successful planning and organization of work in higher education through empowerment of planning and organization of those employed in higher education institutions according to possibilities and offers at our disposal in the age we live in. Possibilities are considered to use new ICT for more successful planning and organization in higher education institutions, characterized by high level of interconnectedness of employees in work and expressed need for team work.

In accordance with the demands of the Bologna declaration in regard to accreditation, standardization and evaluation of education processes, there is ever-increasing need in higher education institutions for creation, organization,

filing and storing of adequate documentation. In order to fulfil its obligations and realize these tasks higher education institutions management forms smaller teams capable to meet the imposed needs. Seen as project tasks, they require calendars with planners and lists of responsibilities, cooperation pages, forums for exchange of documents and discussions, filing of project documentation, etc. It is possible to find plenty of more or less complex tools for this purpose on the Internet. Glasscubes, Trello, Github, ThinkBinder, Onlyoffice, Vkolab, Voo2do, Notestar are only some of the most popular tools, which are often, apart from project management, used in the field of project teaching.

Founded on the principles of Kanban – agile techniques/methods leading to successful project implementation, the online tool Trello, characterized by simplicity, clarity, neatness and the fact that it is free or charge, is one of the recommended choices when education is in question. It is based on three assumed columns ("planned", "in progress", "done") which can be changed or supplemented by new ones when and if needed. Each column allows creation of cards containing o whole range of possibilities necessary for project implementation, comments, check-lists, calendar information, attachments in the form of text, picture, etc. Manipulation of columns and cards is very simple and opens up possibilities for successful monitoring of progress of project implementation, as an insight into the activity of each team member, i.e. co-workers individually. Progress made within the team is possible to follow through activation of notification via e-mail or on the smart phone. Training for using Trello is possible to organized by a more experienced team member, and it is also possible to be self-trained for using the proposed tool, with the help of a large number of free written instructions or video materials, the so called Webinars.

4. CONCLUDING REMARKS

Self-evaluation of organizational and planning skills of teaching and non-teaching staff employed at the Preschool Teacher Training College in Vrsac showed that more of the half of the subjects assess their own planning skills as far below good or excellent and that majority (more than 75%) has never attended a training in the filed of improvement of organizational and planning skills. At the same time, more that half of teaching staff uses a computer for planning and organization of work, but not the new available tools appropriate for these purposes. The research findings point out that certain actions should

be taken in order to modernize the organization in the examined higher education institution through improvement of skills of organization and planning. Therefore a possibility is considered in the paper to use ICT (*Trello* tool) for planning and organization of work in higher education institutions. It is suggested that the offered model is applicable in all institutions of similar type. Use of free online tool *Trello* enables improvement of knowledge of employees on the role and importance of ICT in regard to organization and planning of work (primarily team work involving co-workers engaged in project type tasks) and encourages adaptable attitudes of those working in higher education towards new methods and techniques of organization and planning. In a word, it contributes to more successful planning and organization of work in higher education institutions.

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Vorwort

Es ist uns ein Vergnügen, das Konferenzband "Interdisciplinary Management Research XII/ Interdisziplinäre Managementforschung XII" vorstellen zu können. Ein Buch aus dieser Reihe ist zum ersten Mal 2005 erschienen, als Resultat der Zusammenarbeit zwischen der Wirtschaftsfakultät in Osijek, Kroatien und der Hochschule Pforzheim, Deutschland, und insbesondere durch das Magisterstudium des Management. Die Zusammenarbeit der zwei genannten Partnerinstitutionen ist unter anderem durch jährliche wissenschaftliche Symposien gekennzeichnet, auf welchen interessante Themen aus verschiedenen Bereichen der Wirtschaft und des Managements vorgestellt und folglich in einem Band veröffentlicht werden. Jedes Jahr ziehen die wissenschaftlichen Symposien Akadamiker anderer kroatischer, sowie ausländischer Universitäten, einschließlich Australien, Deutschland, Ungarn, Polen, Rumänien, Slovenien, Montenegro, Bosnien und Herzegovina, Serbien, Indien, Irland, Czechien, Israel, Italien, Sudafrica, Belgien, Schweiz, USA, Slowakei, Dänemark, Mazedonien, Mexico, Zypern und Großbritannien an, die ihren wissenschaftlichen und profesionellen Beitrag zur Diskussion über zeitgenössische Fragen aus dem Bereich des Managements leisten. Die Aktualität der behandelten Fragen, der internationale Charakter im Hinblick auf Themen und Autoren, die höchsten Standards der Forschungsmethodologie sowie die Kontinuität dieser Konferenzreihe wurden auch von der internationalen akademischen Gemeinde erkannt, weswegen sie auch in internationalen Datenbanken, wie Web of Science, Thomson ISI, RePEc, EconPapers und Socionet, zu finden ist.

Die neueste Ausgabe von "Interdisciplinary Management Research XII/ Interdisziplinäre Managementforschung XII" umfasst 96 Arbeiten geschrieben von 211 Autoren. Der Erfolg früherer Ausgaben ging über die Grenzen der Länder hinaus, deren Autoren schon traditionell Teil der Reihe waren und zog neue Autoren aus Taiwan und Tunesien an. Jedes der Autoren leistete einen bedeutenden Beitrag zu diesem fachübergreifenden Managementforum.

Als Herausgeber dieses Bandes hoffen wir, dass diese Reihe auch weiterhin Akademiker und Profesionelle dazu bewegen wird, in Forschung und Beruf die höchsten Standards zu beanspruchen, und dass es weiterhin als Ansporn zu weiteren Formen von Zusammenarbeit unter Teilnehmern dieses Projektes dienen wird.

Dražen Barković, professor emeritus Prof. Dr. Bodo Runzheimer

Foreword

It is our pleasure to introduce the book "Interdisciplinary Management Research XII/ Interdisziplinäre Managementforschung XII" to you. The first volume appeared in 2005 as a result of co-operation between the Faculty of Economics in Osijek (Croatia) and Pforzheim University (Germany), particularly through the postgraduate programme "Management". The co-operation between these partnering institutions has been nurtured, amongst else, through annual scientific colloquiums at which interesting topics in various fields of economics and management have been presented and later published in the proceedings. Over the years, the scientific colloquiums have drawn the attention of academic scholars from other Croatian universities, as well as from other countries including Australia, Germany, Hungary, Poland, Romania, Slovenia, Montenegro, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Serbia, India, Ireland, Czech Republic, Israel, Italy, South Africa, Belgium, Switzerland, USA, Slovakia, Denmark, Macedonia, Mexico, Cyprus and the United Kingdom each making a contribution in academic and professional discussion about contemporary management issues. Actuality and importance of the issues discussed, the international character of the book in terms of authors and topics, the highest standards of research methodology and continuity in publishing have been recognized by the international academic community, resulting in the book now being indexed in world-known data bases such as Web of Science, Thomson ISI, RePEc, EconPapers, and Socionet.

The latest edition, i.e. ""Interdisciplinary Management Research XII/ Interdisziplinäre Managementforschung XII" encompasses 96 papers written by 211 authors. The success of former editions has echoed beyond the traditionally participative countries and authors and now includes new authors from Taiwan and Tunisia, each providing a valuable contribution to this interdisciplinary management forum.

As editors we hope that this book will continue to encourage academic scholars and professionals to pursue excellence in their work and research, and to provide an incentive for developing various forms of co-operation among all involved in this project.

Dražen Barković, professor emeritus Prof. Dr. Bodo Runzheimer